HIGHLY ENANTIOSELECTIVE PHASE-TRANSFER CATALYZED ADDITION OF ISOXAZOLIDIN-5-ONES TO MBH CARBONATES AND PARA QUINONE METHIDES: ACCESS TO FUNCTIONALIZED β^{2,2}-AMINO ACIDS

Andreas Eitzinger^a, Vito Capaccio^b, Johannes Schörgenhumer^a and Mario Waser^a

^aInstitute of Organic Chemistry, Johannes Kepler University, 4040 Linz, Austria ^bDipartimento di Chimica e Biologia, Università di Salerno, 84084 Fisciano, Italy

β-amino acids are present in a vast number of natural products and pharmaceuticals. It is therefore of great interest to access these structural motives in a stereochemically defined fashion. Isoxazolidin-5-ones, a class of β-amino acid precursors, show susceptibility towards different modes of asymmetric (organo)catalytic activation, as was impressively shown by the groups of Briere [1], Shibasaki [2] and Cossy [3].

In this work, we demonstrate an asymmetric phase transfer catalyzed allylation protocol for isoxazolidin-5-ones by employing a Maruoka-type catalyst and MBH-carbonates as acceptors [4]. Furthermore, the 1,6-addition of isoxazolidin-5-ones to para-quinone methides was explored and slight modifications of the reaction conditions gave the products in excellent yields and enantioselectivities. Subsequent hydrogenation under mild conditions yielded highly enantioenriched $\beta^{2,2}$ -amino acid derivatives.

In addition, a new type of para-quinone methide with $R^2 = CF_3$ is introduced and successfully tested within this context. DFT calculations of the proposed transition states based on the abs. configuration rationalize the high selectivity of the 1,6-addition.

^[1] T. Cadart, C. Berthonneau, V. Levacher, S. Perrio, J.-F. Briere, Chem. Eur. J., 2016, 22, 15261-15254

^[2] J.-S. Yu, H. Noda, M. Shibasaki, Chem. Eur. J., 2018, 24, 15796-15800

^[3] M. N. Oliveira, S. Arseniyadis, J. Cossy, Chem. Eur. J., 2018, 24, 4810-4814

^[4] V. Capaccio, K. Zielke, A. Eitzinger, A. Massa, L. Palombi, K. Faust, M. Waser, *Org. Chem. Front.*, **2018**, 5, 3336-3340