SURPRISES WITH ALKYNES: A NEW REACTIVITY PARADIGM AND ITS APPLICATIONS

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Metal catalyzed hydrogenation reactions invariably result in *cis*-delivery of the two Hatoms of H₂ to the π -bond of a given substrate. This canonical course, however, is violated in reactions of internal alkynes catalyzed with [Cp*Ru]-based complexes, which afford *E*-alkenes by direct *trans*-hydrogenation. Connected to this unorthodox transformation is an even more surprising reactivity mode, in which both H-atoms of H₂ are delivered to one and the same C-atom of the triple bond with concomitant formation of discrete metal carbene complexes; such *geminal* hydrogenation of stable carbogenic compounds is without precedent.

In this lecture I intend to describe the current state of the art and summarize our growing mechanistic understanding [1]. At the same time, it will be shown that *trans*-hydrogenation is by no means a singularity: rather, the underlying principle is also manifest in *trans*-hydroboration, *trans*-hydrosilylation and *trans*-hydrostannation reactions. These transformations are particularly robust and functional group tolerant and have already stood the test of natural product synthesis. A few selected examples will be presented to showcase scope and limitations of this novel catalytic reactivity paradigm.

^[1] A. Fürstner, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2019, 141, 11.