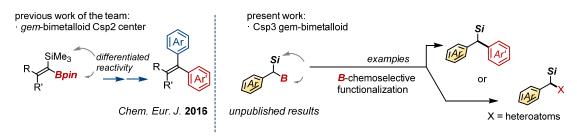
GEMINAL SILICON/BORON BIMETALLOIDS: VERSATILE BUILDING BLOCKS FOR MOLECULAR DIVERSITY

Marta Díaz, Nahiane Pipaón and Ana B.Cuenca

IQS School of Engineering, Universitat Ramon Llull, Via Augusta 390, 08017 Barcelona, Spain martadiazb@iqs.edu

Within the ever-expanding search for methods to access multi-substituted carbon centers, a particularly interesting class of substrates are those containing more than one geminally disposed metalloid fragments. Such species have the potential to engage in complexity-generating coupling sequences [1], especially when bearing chemically differentiated metalloid groups, a scenario which may enable chemoselective iterative C–C and C–heteroatom bond-forming processes [2]. In this context, we recently described the synthesis and reactivity of a new class of such building block, in which an olefinic C(sp2) atom bears a *gem* $-SiR_3 / B(OR)_2$ pair. We showed that species of this type enabled interesting reactivity sequences, including a modular stereoselective an all-carbon substituted olefins, such as the Tamoxifen core [3].

As an expansion, we have now explored the synthesis and reactivity of the saturated benzylic Csp3-centered *gem*-silyl / boryl compounds, including their chemoselective functionalization by either metal-assisted or metal-free cross-coupling reactions. We hope this work would help reinforce the notion that differentiated main-group *gem* dimetalloids indeed constituted a powerful reagent class suitable for the development of game-changing reactivity patterns.



^[1] J. Royes, A. B. Cuenca, E. Fernández, Eur. J. Org. Chem. 2018, 22, 2728-2739.

^[2] a) A. A. Szymaniak, C. Zhang, J. R. Coombs, J. P. Morken. ACS Catal. **2018**, *8*, 2897-2901; b) J. Kim, S. H. Cho, ACS Catal. **2019**, *9*, 9, 230-235.

^[3] E. Lacascia, A. B. Cuenca, E. Fernández, Chem. Eur. J. 2016, 22, 18737-18741.