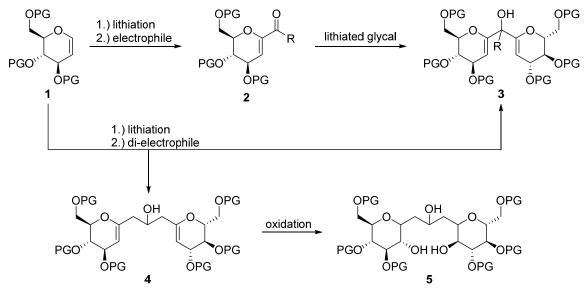
THE SYNTHESIS OF CARBON BRIDGED C-DISACCHARIDES VIA LITHIATED GLYCALS

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Carbon bridged disaccharides have been reported to possess various medical applications, such as the reversible inhibition of glycosidases or disaccharidases [1-3]. Unlike in natural dissachrides, the glycosidic oxygen atom is replaced with a carbon atom or chain, displaying varying functional groups. Here, we extend the established use of lithiated glycals [4] for a convenient approach to functionalized carbohydrates and C-disaccharides.



Starting from readily available glycal 1, a carbohydrate-electrophile 2 is generated in the presence of a strong lithium base and consecutive addition of a suitable carbonylderivative. The carbon bridged disaccharide 3 is then obtained with further use of a lithiated glycal as the nucleophile. In order to avoid the intermediate step, a dielectrophile is employed which also allows for introducing longer carbon bridges in Cglycosid 4. This in return allows for a less sterically strained C2-position in following oxidations to C-disaccharide 5.

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